

# JOHN KEVIN LINKER

## ORGANIST

9 APRIL 2009

11:45AM RECITAL

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH  
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY

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### Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

From *Orgelbüchlein*

O Mensch, beweine deine Sünde gross, BWV 662

*(O man, lament your great sin)*

Ich rufe zu dir, Herr Jesu Christ, BWV 639

*(I call to you, Lord Jesus Christ!)*

Wenn wir in höchsten Nöten sein, BWV 641

*(Whenever we are in deepest need)*

Wer nur den lieben Gott lässt walten, BWV 642

*(Whoever lets our dear God rule)*

Cantata No. 29: Sinfonia

## PROGRAM NOTES

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### ORGELBÜCHLEIN CHORALES

It is speculated that Bach's **Orgelbüchlein** (Little Organ Book) was planned for his son Wilhelm Friedemann Bach's instruction. The book's outline indicates it was to contain 164 settings of 161 melodies on 92 sheets of paper, but Bach didn't finish the entire book as he was moving from one job in Weimar to another job in Cöthen. Most of the chorale melodies (or hymn tunes) come from the hymnal Weissenfels Gesang- und Kirchen-Buch, 1714. Each of these chorale preludes are of the orgelchoral genre, as the chorale melodies in each piece are presented in their entirety, usually in the soprano voice.

The lengthy text of **O Mench, beweine** is an account of Christ's passion, death, and resurrection. The overall affect of Bach's chorale is one of pondering heaviness. An ornamented chorale, the melody is found throughout in the soprano voice in highly decorated fashion.

One of the most popular and frequently played chorales in *Orgelbüchlein*, **Ich ruf zu dir** is somewhat atypical of Bach's treatment of chorale melodies. It is the only trio textured (i.e., 3 independent voices) chorale in *Orgelbüchlein*. With its thumping rhythm provided by the pedal and its consistently fluid 16<sup>th</sup> note middle voice together with an unadorned melancholy upper melody, the piece resembles a typical accompanied aria of the late Baroque.

Similar to *O Mench, beweine*, **Wenn Wir in höchsten Nöten sein** consists of a highly ornamented tune above accompanying imitative voices. This particular setting shows the possible influence of French music on Bach with appoggiaturas and suspensions that resolve upward.

Like the previous three chorales, **Wer nur den lieben Gott lässt walten** also has the melody in the top voice, but now there is much more rigorous contrapuntal activity in the lower voices. All of the voices are played on the plenum (chorus of principals, including mixtures) of the organ, and the chorale tune is easily heard by virtue of its presentation in long notes.

### CANTATA NO. 29: SINFONIA

Cantata No. 29 (which is also BWV 29, *We thank thee, O God, we thank thee*) is one of a number of cantatas J.S. Bach composed for the ceremonies attending the installation of new members of the Leipzig city council (other examples are cantatas Nos. 119 and 120). An important part of these ceremonies, which traditionally took place at the end of August, was the church service held at St. Nicholas'. The instrumentation is similar to a number of Bach's cantatas: chorus, soprano, alto, tenor, bass, 2 oboes, 3 trumpets,

*timpani, organ, and strings. Bach composed the present work for the event in 1731, the service taking place on August 27 that year. In keeping with the festive and ceremonial pomp of the occasion, Bach lavishly scored his cantata for an orchestra including three trumpets, timpani, two oboes, strings, and continuo bass, and vocal forces including the usual four-part chorus, and soprano, alto, tenor, and bass soloists. An unknown librettist provided the text glorifying the power of God and extolling him to protect "town and palaces."*

*The opening sinfonia, like a praeludium, essentially sets the key and mood of the choral movements that follow. The sinfonia for Cantata 29 is in the form of a remarkable arrangement of the Prelude from the Violin Partita in E major, BWV 1006. Obligato organ receives the violin part, the material largely imitated in the orchestral parts to produce a concerto-like structure. The contour of the opening motive is simple and clearly spells out D major within the first measure. Pedal points abound, first heard in the tonic, and after a brief interlude, in the subdominant. Key areas of B, E, as well as carefully placed chromaticism give the movement tension that is finally released after returning to the tonic key of D major. Exuberance and triumph best characterize the mood of this delightful short sinfonia.*

## JOHN KEVIN LINKER

A native of Princeton, Illinois, John received a Bachelor of Music degree from Northern Illinois University (DeKalb) in 1997 where he studied organ with Robert Reeves and Richard Hoskins, and a Master of Music degree from the Chicago Musical College (Roosevelt University) in 2003, an organ and harpsichord student of David Schrader. He is currently pursuing a Doctor of Musical Arts degree at the University of Cincinnati (College-Conservatory of Music) where he is an organ student of Roberta Gary. At CCM Linker has served as staff accompanist for the University Men's Chorus, and has performed with the CCM Chorale, CCM Chamber Singers, and as organ soloist with the CCM Philharmonic. Linker was first place winner in the annual Strader Organ Competition at CCM in 2004.

Since 2001 Linker has been Organist/Choirmaster of the Church of the Good Shepherd (Episcopal) in Lexington, Kentucky, where he leads a vibrant choir program of professional and volunteer singers of trebles and adults. In addition to the usual rigorous rehearsal and service schedule, the Choir has performed in concert numerous masterworks, including Maurice Duruflé, *Requiem*, Op. 9, J S Bach, *Magnificat in D*, BWV 243, Leonard Bernstein, *Chichester Psalms*, Mozart, *Requiem*, K 626, and recently Benjamin Britten, *Rejoice in the Lamb*. National and international tours also occupy much of the Choir's time, and under Linker's leadership the choir has honored three English Cathedral residency invitations, (Gloucester Cathedral, 2003; Lichfield Cathedral, 2006; Durham Cathedral 2006). The Choir has also made many stateside tours including Atlanta, Chicago, Washington DC, and all around Kentucky. This past summer the choir toured to New York, singing services in St Thomas Fifth Avenue and the Cathedral of St John the Divine, and this summer will be traveling to England for a residency in Ely Cathedral.

In addition to church work, Linker is increasingly busy as a recitalist and chamber musician, making numerous tours in the United States and abroad. He is an active member of the Association of Anglican Musicians, the American Guild of Organists (former Dean of the Lexington Chapter), and Phi Mu Alpha Sinfonia music fraternity.

Linker is engaged to Lexington native Molly McCann, and both are proud guardians to two lively felines, Nigel and Pierre.

For a full listing of John's professional appearances and Good Shepherd Choir's activities, please visit: [www.johnlinker.com](http://www.johnlinker.com).

**TIMINGS**

**JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH (1685-1750)**

O MENSCH, BEWEIN DEIN SÜNDE GROSS	7 MIN
ICH RUF ZU DIR, HERR JESU CHRIST	4 MIN
WENN WIR IN HÖCHSTEN NÖTEN SEIN	3 MIN
WER NUR DEN LIEBEN GOTT LÄSST WALTEN	2 MIN
CANTATA NO. 29: SINFONIA	5 MIN

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**21 MIN**